

XIII
CURSO BÁSICO DE
DOENÇAS HEREDITÁRIAS
DO METABOLISMO

CASO CLÍNICO 12

Centro Hospitalar e Universitário de Coimbra

22 de Setembro 2015

CRISTINA DUQUE, IFE 3ºano Neurologia

Sexo feminino, 49A

Ptose palpebral bilateral desde 12A

lentamente progressiva

blefaroplastia aos 47A

Fraqueza muscular generalizada desde 39A

dores musculares agravadas com o esforço

Normal desenvolvimento psicomotor

Pais primos em 2º grau, avó materna ptose palpebral bilateral

Medicada habitualmente com anti-HTA

EXAME OBJECTIVO

- **Ptose palpebral bilateral**

diminuição da função do elevador da pálpebra 7mm OU

- **Limitação no olhar vertical superior**

- **Tetraparesia proximal G4**

ESTUDO COMPLEMENTAR I

- **CK 355-500**
- **Painel miasténico negativo**
- **Estudo EMG com ENR normal**
- **Estudo função respiratória normal**
- **Ecocardiograma TT e ECG sem alterações**

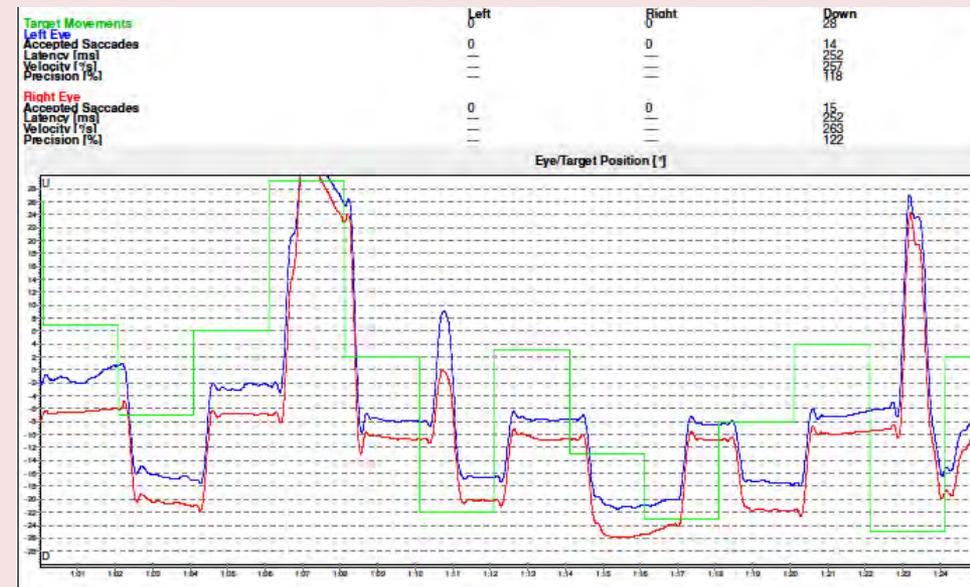
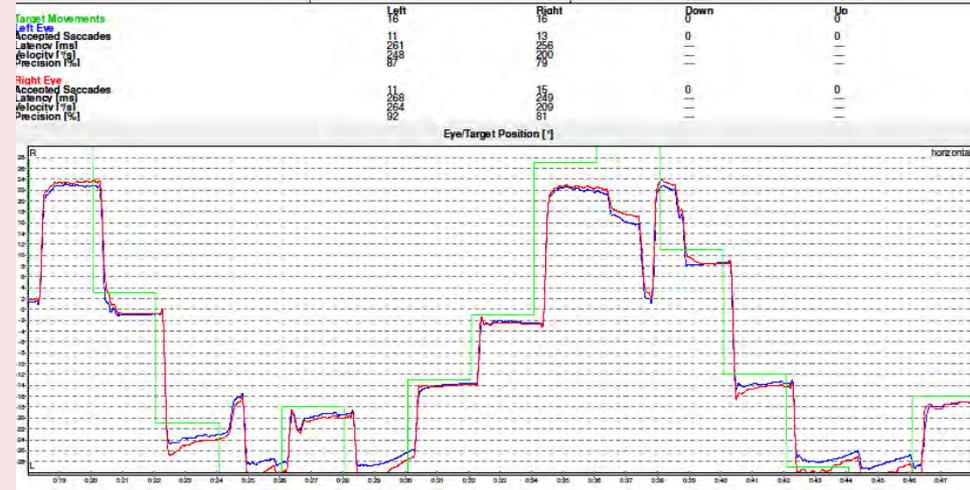
ESTUDO COMPLEMENTAR II

- **Video-oculografia - perseguição**



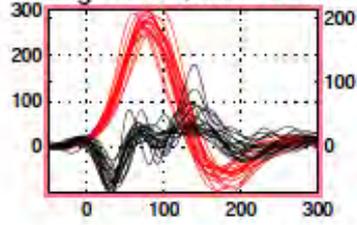
ESTUDO COMPLEMENTAR II

- Video-oculografia - sacadas

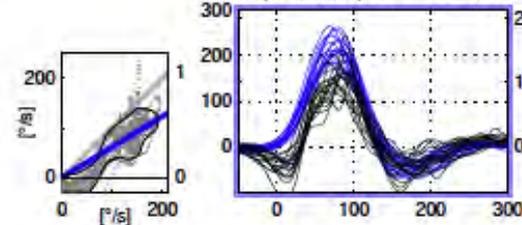


XIII
CURSO BÁSICO DE
DOENÇAS HEREDITÁRIAS
DO METABOLISMO

Right Posterior N=19

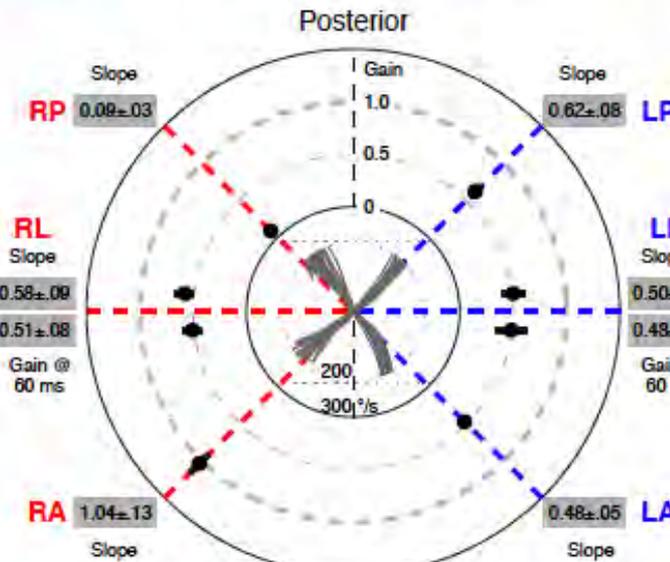
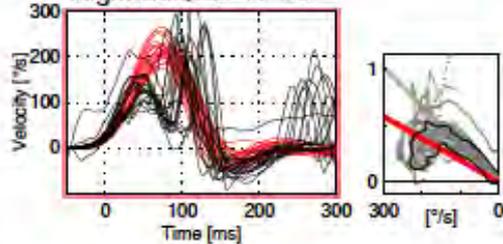


Left Posterior N=18

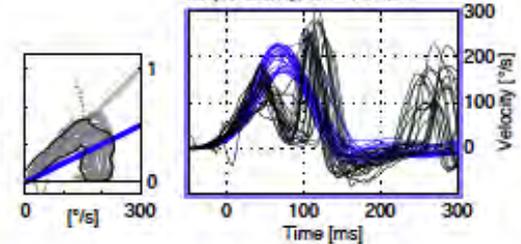


Name:
 Birthday:
 Pers.ID
 Test:
 Condition:
 Date:
 Time:
 Examiner:

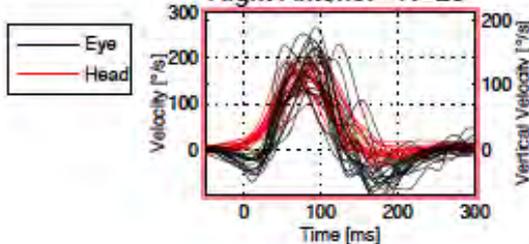
Right Lateral N=19



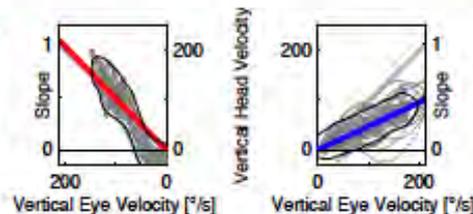
Left Lateral N=21



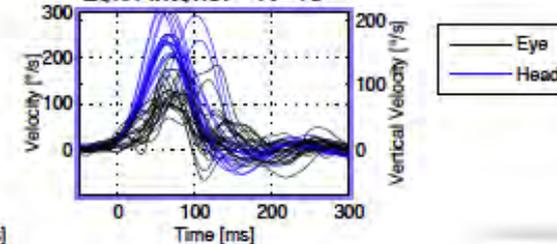
Right Anterior N=20



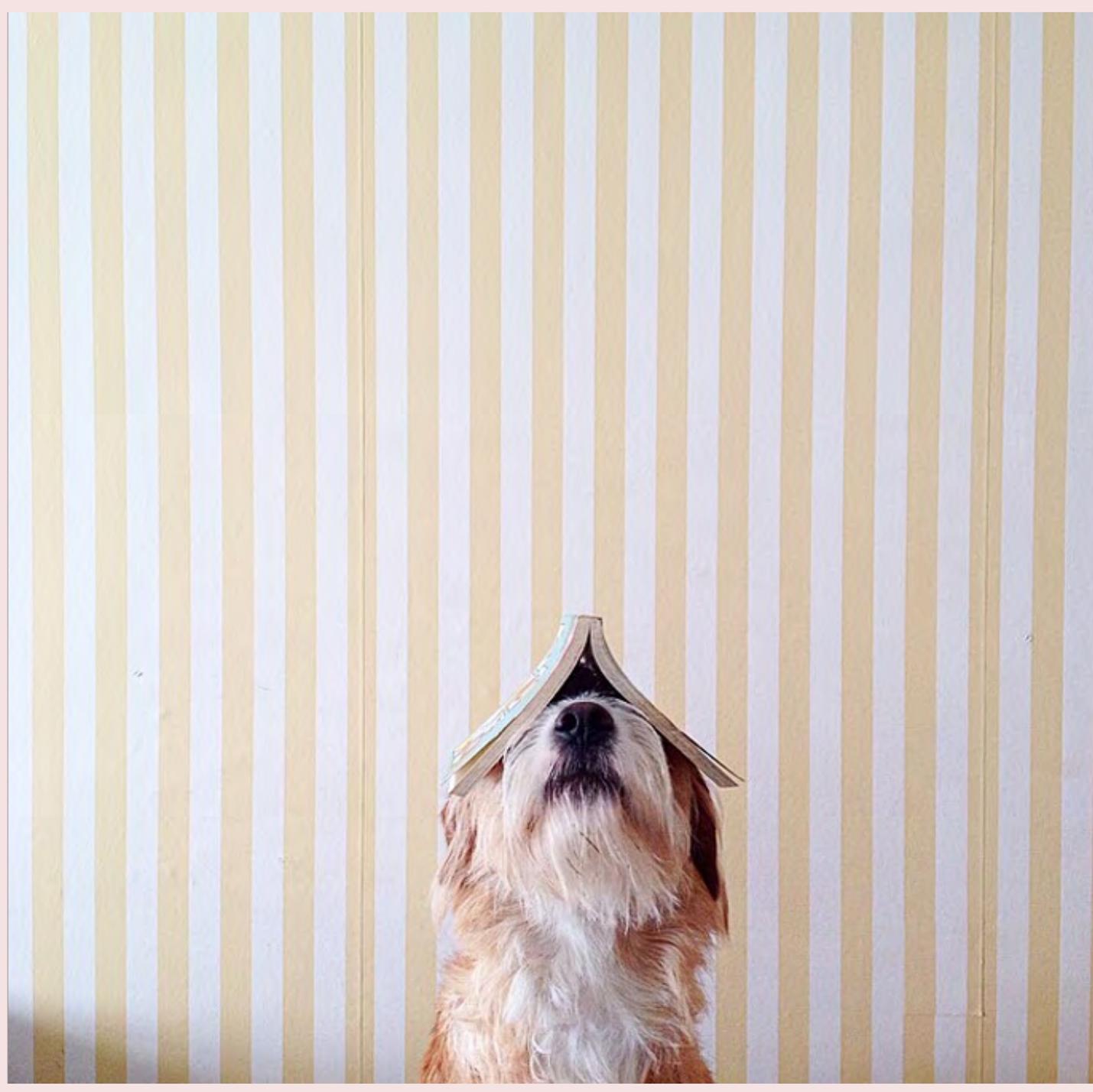
Anterior



Left Anterior N=19



— Eye
 — Head



?

Movimentos Oculares e DHM

Tay-Sachs disease (infants)	Impairment of vertical, and subsequently, horizontal gaze ⁴⁵³
Adult-onset hexosaminidase A deficiency (late-onset Tay-Sachs disease)	Horizontal and vertical saccades show transient decelerations, and premature terminations, especially for large saccades ⁸⁶¹
Sandhoff disease (mutations in beta-hexosaminidase β -subunit —HEXB—gene)	Nystagmus ⁶⁵⁴
Gaucher's disease (noninfantile, neuronopathic form)	Initially, horizontal saccadic palsy; later, loss of all voluntary gaze ^{10,160,757,1088}
Niemann-Pick type C	Initially, selective vertical saccadic palsy; ⁸⁵⁶ later, loss of voluntary gaze ^{8,183,944}
Branch-chain amino acid disorders (e.g., maple syrup urine disease)	Adduction weakness (internuclear ophthalmopleia) and up gaze impairment; ^{635,1110} gaze palsy; ⁴⁷⁹
Glutaric aciduria, type 1	

Movimentos Oculares e DHM

Tay-Sachs disease (infants)	Impairment of vertical, and subsequently, horizontal gaze ⁴⁵³
Adult-onset hexosaminidase A deficiency (late-onset Tay-Sachs disease)	Horizontal and vertical saccades show transient decelerations, and premature terminations, especially for large saccades ⁸⁶¹
Sandhoff disease (mutations in beta-hexosaminidase β -subunit —HEXB—gene)	Nystagmus ⁶⁵⁴
Gaucher's disease (noninfantile, neuronopathic form)	Initially, horizontal saccadic palsy; later, loss of all voluntary gaze ^{10,160,757,1088}
Niemann-Pick type C	Initially, selective vertical saccadic palsy; ⁸⁵⁶ later, loss of voluntary gaze ^{8,183,944}
Branch-chain amino acid disorders (e.g., maple syrup urine disease)	Adduction weakness (internuclear ophthalmopleia) and up gaze impairment; ^{635,1110} gaze palsy; ⁴⁷⁹
Glutaric aciduria, type 1	

Movimentos Oculares e DHM

Wernicke's encephalopathy	Spectrum ranging from gaze-evoked and upbeat nystagmus, impaired horizontal vestibulo-ocular reflex, abducens palsy, internuclear ophthalmoplegia, to complete ophthalmoplegia (see text) ^{186,204,495,519}
<u>Leigh's syndrome</u>	Similar to that in Wernicke's encephalopathy ^{646,986}
Vitamin E deficiency: hereditary (e.g., abetalipoproteinemia) or acquired	Progressive restriction of horizontal and vertical gaze; dissociated nystagmus, in which adduction is limited but faster than abduction ¹⁰⁹⁶
Pelizaeus-Merzbacher disease	Pendular nystagmus; upbeat nystagmus; ocular motor apraxia; saccade dysmetria and other cerebellar signs including truncal titubation ^{724,1021}
Wilson's disease	Slow vertical saccades; ⁵³³ gaze distractibility; ⁵⁹⁵ abnormal vertical smooth pursuit, ⁴⁴⁴ oculogyric crisis ⁵⁷⁸
Kernicterus	Vertical gaze palsy ⁴²⁹
Joubert's syndrome	Alternating skew deviation; seesaw and pendular nystagmus; pigmentary degeneration of the retina ⁶⁴⁵
Ataxia telangiectasia (Louis-Bar syndrome, 11q22-23) and variants	Saccade generation defects with head thrusts; gaze-evoked and periodic alternating nystagmus ^{607,909}



Vertical Supranuclear Gaze Palsy (VSGP)



- Saccades >
- Smooth Pursuit
- Nystagmus >
- Gaze Holding >
- Vestibular System
- Vertical Supranuclear Gaze Palsy
- Horizontal Supranuclear Gaze Palsy
- Internuclear Ophthalmoparesis
- Hypermetric Saccades
- Hypometric Saccades
- Slowing Of Saccades
- Impaired Initiation Of Saccades
- Combined Vertical And Horizontal Gaze Palsy
- External Ophthalmoplegia

Video of Ocular Motor Defect



See how to perform the eye examination



Related Brain Structures



Underlying Treatable Conditions

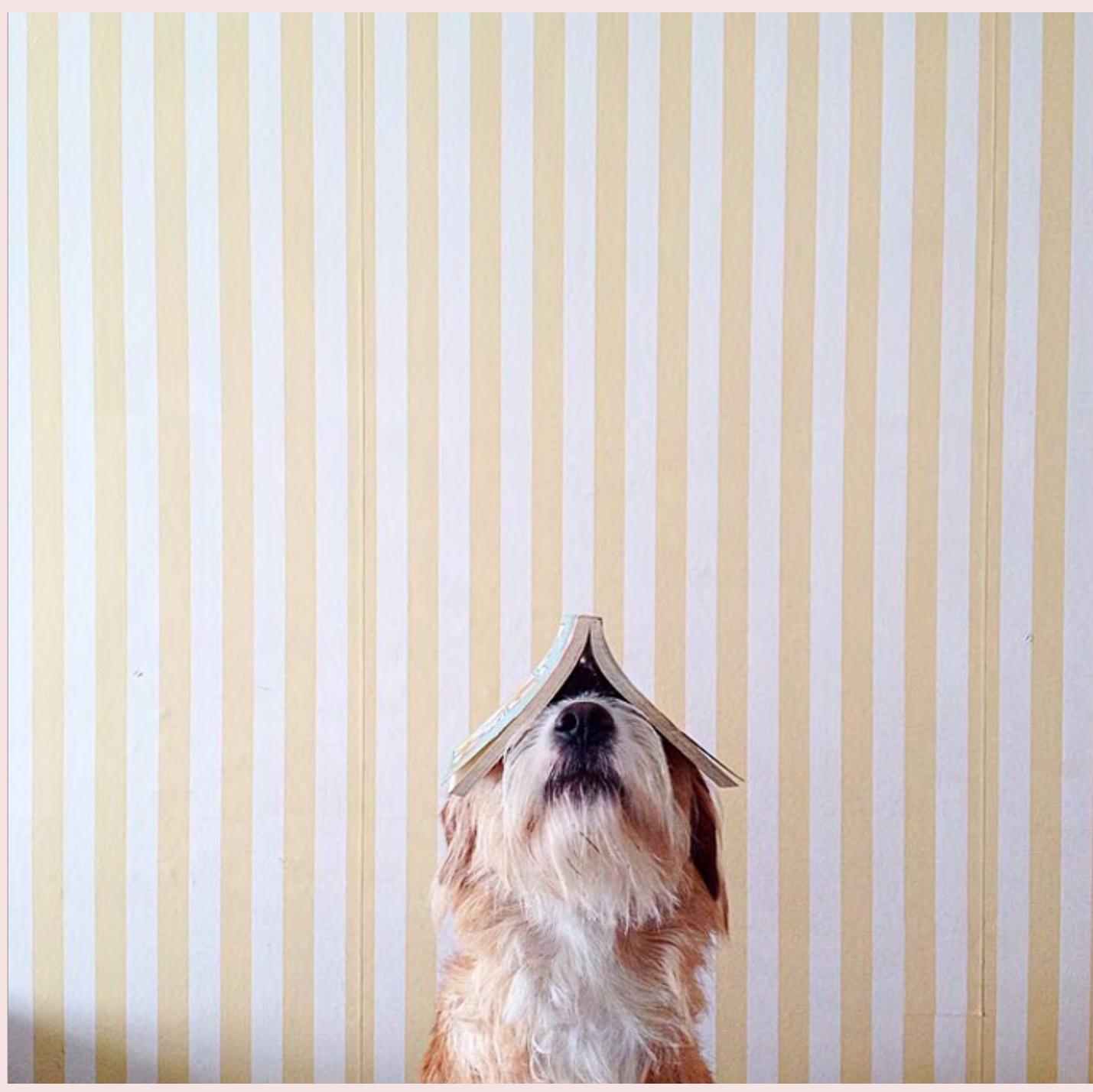


Paralisia olhar supranuclear



Lentificação sacadas horizontais





?

Biópsia de músculo

Biopsia de músculo deltóide.

Estudo Histológico:

Ao exame histológico dos cortes dos fragmentos de músculo incluídos em parafina e em Epon e dos cortes de criostato estudados pelos métodos histoquímicos e histoenzimológicos de rotina, verifica-se que este apresenta alterações evidentes e difusas. Observam-se frequentes fibras do tipo "rotas e vermelhas" com citoplasma basófilo, intensa actividade com as enzimas oxidativas SDH e SDH modificado, algumas negativas com a COX e com evidente aumento do glicogénio e lípidos nalgumas delas. Existe ainda discreta variabilidade de diâmetro das fibras com ocasionais fibras atrofiadas de contornos poligonais ou arredondadas e dispostas ao acaso nos fascículos e raríssimas fibras em necrose. As fibras diferenciam-se normalmente nos seus diferentes tipos e parece haver algum predomínio de fibras de tipo 1.

Conclusão:

Citopatia Mitocondrial.

Estudo cadeia respiratória mitocondrial

Amostra: Homogeneizado de Biópsia Muscular
Id. Interna: BM47HUC10

Médico: Dr^a Maria Carmo Macário
Data de recepção: 09-07-2010
Data de análise: 13-07-2010

	Valor	Valores de referência Média ± dp (min - max)	Resultado* (% da média de referência)
Citrato Sintetase (CS) (nmol/min/mg prot)	173,4	113,6 ± 27,6 (70,0 - 165,1)	
Complexo I/CS	0,079	0,16 ± 0,092 (0,022 - 0,39)	48,5
Complexo II/CS	0,27	0,32 ± 0,21 (0,068 - 1,13)	86,3
Complexo III/CS	-	1,21 ± 0,68 (0,30 - 2,94)	-
Complexo IV/CS	0,52	1,72 ± 1,35 (0,40 - 7,54)	30,3
Complexo V/CS	0,38	0,84 ± 0,55 (0,18 - 2,90)	45,0
Complexos II+III/CS	0,10	0,28 ± 0,19 (0,10 - 0,74)	36,8
Complexos I+III/CS	0,33	0,31 ± 0,21 (0,054 - 0,85)	106,1
Complexo IV/ Complexo I	6,65	12,7 ± 9,90 (2,96 - 51,6)	52,5
Complexo IV/ Complexo II	1,91	5,66 ± 1,51 (2,79 - 10,9)	33,7
Complexo IV/ Complexo III	-	1,47 ± 0,49 (0,51 - 2,61)	-
Complexo IV/ Complexo V	1,37	2,52 ± 2,11 (0,64 - 10,8)	54,5

Complexo III/CS	0,76	1,21 ± 0,68 (0,30 - 2,94)	63,1
-----------------	-------------	---------------------------	-------------

Oftalmoplegia externa progressiva



Oftalmoplegia externa progressiva

- Variante atenuada de doença mitocondrial / OEP *plus*
- Início no adulto-jovem ~17.5A
- SINAL CARDINAL: paralisia do olhar vertical e horizontal com envolvimento simétrico dos músculos extraoculares
- Sacadas horizontais e verticais lentas, ganho perseguição diminuído, sem ROV, ptose bilateral
- Progressão para “*staring-eyes*”
- Síndrome Kearns-Sayres, MELAS, MERRF, ARCO

